

PROFESSIONAL

Dr. John Collison
SPECIALIST
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Office Hours—9 a.m. to 10 a.m., 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m., and by appointment.

DENTISTRY

Dr. Phylton, Dentist.
Northwestern University, Chicago Royal Col-
lege of Dental Surgeons, Toronto.
Special attention given to all branches of
Modern Dentistry.
Office in Smith & Gast's Block, Red Deer.
Phone 112.

Dr. J. R. MacCrostie
Dr. A. T. Gribble
Dental Surgeons
Graduates Chicago College of Dental Surgery.
Licentiate in U.S. and Alberta.
Office over Northern Crown Bank. Phone 118.

LEGAL

Payne & Graham
Barristers, Solicitors, Auctioneers, Notaries
W. ERNEST PAYNE. P. E. GRAHAM
Money to loan on town and farm property.
Office: Judge Green's Block.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Russell & McClure
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries
Office—Northern Crown Bank Block
A. H. Russell. J. R. McClure

CIVIL ENGINEER

H. H. Humber,
Red Deer, Alberta
Watchmaker, Jeweller and Optician.
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

AUCTIONEERS

N. White
Successor to F. Hunt & Son
Auctioneer & Commission Broker, Red Deer
Farm and Town Sales Solicited. Several years
experience. "Satisfaction Guaranteed."

MUSIC

A. Rogers,
Licensed Auctioneer for Alberta.
Address—P.O. Box 60, Red Deer
A square deal to everybody.

MISS MICHENER

Graduate in Music
Teacher of the Toronto Conserva-
tory and Toronto University courses
in piano and voice theory, and prepares
pupils for examination in the same.
Studio: Michener Block, between
Flouring's and Malcolm's offices.

PIANO TUNING

Donald Thatcher.
Pianos and Organs. Tuning and Repairing a
Specialty. Best of References.
Box 416, Red Deer

VETERINARY SURGEON

F. A. McEwan,
Veterinary Surgeon
Honorary Graduate of Ontario Veterinary
College
Office—Hewson's Park
Residence—Michener Hill. Residence Phone 22

James A. McCreight, V.S.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
Honorary Graduate Ontario Veterinary College
OFFICE—Palmer Library, Phone 17
RESIDENCE—Phone 279

**Synopsis of Canadian North-
west Land Regulations.**

The sole heir of a family, or any
male over 18 years old, may homestead
a quarter section of available
Dominion land in Manitoba, Sask-
atchewan or Alberta. Applicant
must appear in person at the Dominion
Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the
District. Entry by proxy
may be made at any Dominion Lands
Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on
certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon
and cultivation of the land in each
of three years. A homesteader may
live within nine miles of his homestead
on a farm of at least 50 acres
on certain conditions. A habitable
house is required except where residence
is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader
in good standing may pre-empt a
quarter-section along-side his homestead.
Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Six
months residence upon and cultivation
of the land in each of three years.
Pre-emption patent may be obtained
as soon as the homestead patent, on
certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his
homestead right may take a purchased
homestead in certain districts.
Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must
reside six months in each of three
years, cultivate 50 acres and erect
a house worth \$500.

The area of cultivation is subject
to reduction in case of rough, scrub-
by or stony land. Live stock may be
substituted for cultivation under cer-
tain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.
Deputy of the Minister
of the Interior
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of
this advertisement will not be paid
for.—64388.

C.P.R. Time Table

Train service commencing June 24: NORTHBOUND		
No.	Arrive	Leave
521, (daily)	3.20	3.30
523, (daily except Sunday)	10.50	10.55
525, (daily)	16.40	16.45
SOUTHBOUND		
No.	Arrive	Leave
522, (daily)	3.50	3.55
524, (daily)	11.45	11.50
526, (daily except Sunday)	18.25	18.30
KERRHOBART		
No. 530, Kerrhobart (daily except Sunday)	10.10	
(daily except Sunday)	18.10	
ALBERTA CENTRAL		
No. 614, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	10.15	
No. 613, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays	13.30	

H. G. STONE
UNDERTAKER
AND EMBALMER
GAETZ AVE. SOUTH.

Coal and Wood
FOR CASH

D. A. MCGILL
Yard: 163, 3rd. Street North
House Phone 227

Red Deer Granite & Marble Works
Marble and Granite Mon-
uments from \$16 up, on
terms.

L. McLEAN
Prop.

WHO IS
L. A. BENNETT
?

Hugh Baird **H. A. McKenzie**
Baird & McKenzie

Buildings and
Contractors

ESTIMATES carefully fur-
nished on all work.

Address:
P.O. Box 372, Red Deer

TO INSURE
in a Company you do not know
is like loaning money to
a stranger.

FIRE
Insurance is simply a promise to
pay if you have a fire. Get the
strongest company back of that
promise. We represent a num-
ber of the oldest and strongest
companies in the world who have
stood impregnable through
the war, panic and conflagration and
who are paying every honest loss.

May we show you some
of our policies?

John Malcolm
All Kinds of Insurance.
Office: Greene Block, Corner
Ross and Gaetz.

MUNRO & BAINES
(The Old Reliable Firm)

Tailoring
Cleaning
Pressing
Repairing

Your Patronage Solicited

Gaetz Avenue S.
(Opposite Gaetz-Cornett's.)
RED DEER, ALTA.

MILLIONS OF CASH
COMING TO CANADA

The Canadian Pacific Railway is
Bringing in \$60,000,000 in
Eight Months

The Monetary Times draws attention
to the interesting fact that within
the next eight months the Canadian
Pacific Railway can bring no less than
\$60,000,000 of new capital from abroad
for use in this country. This sum
is that portion of the amount raised
on the company's recent stock issue,
which will be available for transfer to
Canada. It will be poured into the
company's coffers in London in four
instalments, which are due this month
and in June, August and October.
This means that this one railway may
bring \$15,000,000 across the Atlantic
every two months until the autumn.

In Western Accounts
On reaching Canada these funds
will figure in the company's accounts
at Montreal, Winnipeg, Calgary and
Vancouver, and from these temporary
resting places be scattered far and
wide over the country. "Much of the
money will go in the ordinary course
to settle the claims of the contractors
who are engaged on the company's
works." In this way these contrac-
tors' obligations to their own banks
will be lessened, the money will be
widely distributed in the settlement of
commercial accounts, and the tendency
will be to ease the financial situation
at least to a moderate extent.

Perhaps never before has a single
stock market transaction rendered
such a huge sum of money available
for this country, and it is remarked
that the arrival of such a large amount
in a period of stringency might work
wonder by causing merchants and specu-
lators to abandon their present cau-
tious and conservative attitude which
is the salvation of the situation. What
is required is a complete cure in a
continuation for some time yet of the
present abstention from speculation
and from excessive borrowing.
Bankers are advising men to go slowly
and carefully, to keep their lines of
credit well within control, to postpone
unnecessary extensions of plant
or of business activity.

No Depression
Commercial payments may be slow
for the time being and real estate
values may be weaker in the West,
but our factories are overladen with
orders and no signs of depression are
discerned. If speculation is checked
and if business men and manufactur-
ers are postponing new extensions it
is because of a world-wide condition
—a temporary shortage of money to
finance an unprecedented universal
prosperity together with a costly war
and rapidly growing European arma-
ments. Once Canadian corporations
and municipalities can obtain a sum
of money freely from London as the
Canadian Pacific Railway has done
monetary conditions will become easy
again here and elsewhere. And the
money must be forthcoming to house
and provide for the immigrants who
are arriving this year in larger num-
bers than ever. Tens of thousands
of them are going on the land and
the larger proportion the better.

FREE TRADE WAGES
Hours Are Cruelly Long and the Pay
is Miserable

J. F. W. the regular English con-
spondent of the Toronto Globe, has
recently had a little to say about the
life of working people in free trade
Britain. We quote:
"The London bakers, have scored in
a dispute with the employers over the
conditions—hours and wages—of work
The conditions are admittedly dis-
graceful, and the work is done in
cases in dirty, underground bakeries,
the hours are cruelly long, sometimes
a hundred a week, and the pay is
miserable 24s or 26s a week. The
men have now got 30s a week and a
forty-four-hour week in shops with
sixty hours in factories, where the
work is lighter. They are satisfied
for the time being, but their next
agitation will be for the abolition of
night-work and for the inclusion of
the baking industry in the Trade
Boards act. This is an act that was
passed by the present Government in
1909 as an experiment in the preven-
tion of sweating in a few trades
where sweating was notorious."

Handy Typist's Note-book
In a new note-book for stenog-
raphers the backs can be fastened to
gether to form a rack to hold it in
the most convenient position for read-
ing.

Bones Securely Held
In an English box making machin-
e the nails driven at an angle through
two boards at once, are turned back
to form a hook in the second board.

Safety For Ladder Users
To prevent ladders slipping on
smooth surfaces there has been in-
vented a hinged foot that is a com-
bination of a rubber pad and sharp
spikes.

A Steel-hard Alloy
An Australian has invented an al-
lumium alloy that is said to be as
hard as steel, that is non-corrosive
and that can be brazed and soldered.

Britain's Roads
Great Britain spends more money
on the upkeep of its roads than on its
navy.

Tea in China
Tea was used as a beverage in
China over 2,000 years ago.

STORY OF A STORE

Tom Tasker had a corner store.
He got it from his father who built
up his trade from the farmers that
spent their money for things made
in Canada. Tasker never had a
little town of cement sidewalks and
electric lights. Tom's business de-
veloped and he got an automobile,
a \$10,000 house, and a big new store
with plate glass, patent show-cases
and a telegraph.

The blacksmith shop grew into a
carriage factory; the local cabinet-
maker became a furniture manufac-
turer.

A few years ago when a wide-
awake man discovered that the coun-
try around Taskerville had the very
best kind of soil and climate for rais-
ing tomatoes, cucumbers, field peas,
corn and small fruits, and reckoned
it a good stroke of business to start
a canning factory in Taskerville, the
farmers fetched their truck to the
factory which became as good a pur-
veyor of canned goods as any in
Canada. Its products were found in
the mining camps and the kitchens
of the wealthy that went to grand
opera. But whenever any farmer
went to the store of Tom Tasker,
built up from their farms to two
generations, they never could find a
blessed tin of the Taskerville fac-
tory's goods on the shelves. When
they asked him why he wouldn't en-
courage home industry and stock up
with home goods, he said he reckoned
he knew his own business.

Wherefore the farm folk round
about Taskerville boycotted the Tasker
store, and Tom Tasker made an
assignment. Which, to most sensible
folks' way of thinking was the only
way to prove to the Tasker intellect
that you can't expect both boots to
fit the same foot.

This is a homely illustration and
localised to Taskerville; but if it
doesn't prove that it's the business
of the retailer in Canada to keep on
his shelves the goods made in Canada
by Canadian workmen at a time when
Canada is making the fight of her life
to stay industrially efficient—then
there must be something wrong with
the argument. Think it over.

QUEEN MARY'S TEAS
Simple Gatherings For Workers in
War Charities Are Frequent

Queen Mary's weekly tea parties
have become a feature of this town.
Only London season during war time.
But only workers in the vari-
ous war industries are invited. The
Queen makes out a list of persons with
whom she wishes to share the table.
The many war charities in which she
is interested. These teas are held in
the Queen's boudoir, the walls of
which are adorned with paintings,
signed by kings, queens, princes and
princesses, among which are some ex-
quisite floral paintings by the late
Princess Marie of Denmark. The late
Queen was the first who brought together
King Edward and his brother-in-law
King George, and the late Queen
impulse to the Franco-Russian alliance
and later to the Entente Cordiale, be-
tween France and Britain. Servants
are completely absent. Queen Mary
herself makes the tea, Princess Mary
serves the coffee and everybody helps
themselves to cakes. An hour and a half
are devoted to earnest discussion.
Innumerable charitable under-
takings have issued from this room. Queen
Mary wants to be informed of every-
thing, and practical as she is, she sug-
gests many improvements and propos-
es many new ideas. When the dis-
cussion is over the Queen invariably
opens a large album and shows her
guests the latest photos taken at the
front by the Prince of Wales. Occa-
sionally, too, the Queen reads aloud
extracts from her letters. At six
o'clock Queen Mary takes up a pos-
ition near the door and shakes hands
with each departing guest and the Royal
tea is over.

IN GARDEN OF EDEN
The Original Homestead Is Not Now
a Veritable Paradise

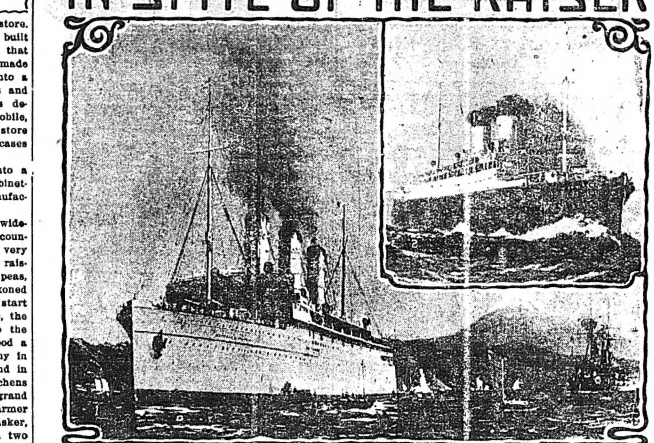
A Journalist from the Mesopotamian
expedition writes: It is the oldest
country in the world, but it will
find little or nothing that is old in
it within 350 miles of the sea. Five of
us, a padre, a doctor, a regimental
cook, a supply and transport man,
and myself, sought to know, for we
were weary of the Time of Know-
ledge of Good and Evil for the greater
part of a week. Kurra, the reputed
paradise, lies at the junction of the
Tigris and the old channel of the
Euphrates. The palm tree and the fig
leaf were the only paradisaical things
we found in Eden. Even the serpent
was invisible, though his tracks re-
mained, and the knowledge of evil
thrusts preposterously. Man is still
chastised in this spot, and we had
reason to be thankful that the longest
day was followed by the shortest
night. Our pyramids began to sweat
before we put them on. They were
not with dew, but with the perspi-
ration of the night, the exudations
of the palm groves.

At five the sun came licking over
the horizon again to recharge the ac-
meters that had lost nothing and its
retained heat during the night. Any
movement of the air is restorative.
We would have given days of our
life, lumps of our pay, for one long
hubbly leet drink. Temptation for
the Arabs takes the form of dried
pineapple. A den cigarette, canned
salmon and the like, which repel
the unhealthy process of sophistication
that was so disastrous to our first
paradise.

It is better to fight in a climate
like this than to moralise or think.
The men who evicted the Turk from
the Sumerian Paradise have happier
recollections of it than the draft fresh
from home who passed through one of
the longest day of the year and left
their toll behind. "I" as the pro-
fessor proper said, "it would last
of bloom's evils to turn me out of this."

Tea in China
Tea was used as a beverage in
China over 2,000 years ago.

IN SPITE OF THE KAISER



(1) O. P. O. S. Pacific Liner which made a speed record a few weeks ago.
(2) C. P. O. S. Atlantic liner.

THE claim made by Kaiser Wil-
helm and his satellites that the
British merchant fleets are
disappearing from the ocean seems
particularly regrettable in the case of
the fleet most closely associated with
Canada, namely that of the Canadian
Pacific Ocean Services, which so far
from diminishing has actually in-
creased its tonnage since the beginning
of the war by nearly 30%. No fewer than
15,000 men are employed with ap-
proximately 50,000 dependents, and
the numbers are steadily increasing.
Taking the Atlantic fleet first. At
the outbreak of the war the steam-
ships of the Allan Line and Canadian
Pacific Co. (now known as the Cana-
dian Pacific Ocean Services) numbered
35, with a gross tonnage of 313,000
tons. The value of these fleets to the
British Empire in war-transport work
has been incalculable, and the ear-
liest possible advantage was taken of
the Canadian fleet. At the outbreak of
war on the 4th August, 1914, a
large proportion of the joint fleet was
requisitioned, including the larger
and newer vessels then in service.
Two of the newest and largest of the
Allan Line steamers were immedi-
ately put into commission as armed
merchant cruisers. "The Empress of
Russia," "Empress of Asia," "Em-
press of India," and "Empress of
Japan" were immediately fitted out
as armed cruisers. Many of the
other vessels of the joint companies
previously engaged on the passenger
trade between Europe and Canada
were brought into Trooping Service
and employed in transporting supplies
and ammunition, not only across the
Atlantic but all over the oceans of the
world from the Far West to the Far
East. Notwithstanding this great
strain on the Canadian Pacific and
Allan Lines' resources, these com-
panies have been able without break
to carry on the passenger and freight
business, maintaining an un-
interrupted service of mails and pas-
senger and freight traffic, and as well
as carrying heavy eastbound

large supplies of troops, stores, am-
munitions of war. From the outbreak
of the war down to the present day
Canadian Pacific and Allan vessels
have transported no fewer than
100,000 troops and passengers from
Europe to Canada, the Mediterranean,
India, China, Egypt, Gallipoli, Mos-
cova, or across Channel, or on the
Pacific. Up to the same moment the
company's vessels since the outbreak
of war have steamed over 1,230,000
miles and have carried eastbound and
westbound over three million tons of
cargo, munitions, supplies, etc. These
figures indicate no mean contribu-
tion to the "carrying on" of the war,
and constitute a splendid tribute to what
Canada—Britain's Nearest Dominion
—has tried to do to help the Mother
Country in her hour of need. Add to
this the fact that these ships have
been carrying in practically every
case large quantities of munitions
made in the Canadian Pacific Angus
Shops, the value of the contribution
of the companies under notice and of
the great parent company, the C. P.
R.—received still greater emphasis.
The Canadian Pacific Fleet, although
suffering but a slight diminution of
tonnage by the act of the King's
armies, has been gradually increased
by purchase or building, so that to-
day the combined fleets of the
Allan Line and Canadian Pacific num-
ber 40 steamers, with a gross ton-
nage of 411,000 tons, whilst further
orders have been placed for four more
of still greater tonnage. Services are
being steadily maintained carrying
mail, passengers, and freight to the
Dominions and the outer European
ports of the Allied countries. Every
means within the power of the Cana-
dian Pacific is being used to maintain
the flow of the Empire's commerce
and the importation of the neces-
saries alike for the use of the
armies in the field, and for the peo-
ple at home.

The recent assumption by the Cana-
dian Pacific Ocean Services of the re-
sponsibilities of the Elder Dempster Line
operations of the Allan Line recalls

the fact that the Allan Line was one
of the first companies, if not actually
the first to effect a direct service be-
tween Great Britain and Canada.
The founder of the Allan Line was
Captain Alexander Allan, who in 1822
sailed from Glasgow to Quebec in the
brig "Jean," in search of cargo for
his vessel. In 1825 the sailing ves-
sels of the Allan Line were replaced
by steamships in the Canada-British
trade. As showing the progressive
tendencies of these hard-headed and
business-like men, the founder of the
line, it is worthy of note that the
Allan Line has been pioneer (A) in the
adoption of steel in the construc-
tion of its vessels; (B) in the adop-
tion of the turbine as a mode of pro-
pulsion; (C) in the adoption of twin-
screws on its steamers; and (D)
in the use of a means of checking
oscillation.

The founder's family, now headed
by Col. Sir Montague Allan, C.V.O.,
and his cousin, Mr. H. A. Allan, al-
ways adopted a progressive policy,
and the result that steady increase
in the size and speed of steamers has
been witnessed whenever additions to
the fleet were made, and these ad-
vances have done much to stimulate
the demand for passenger and cargo
accommodation on the Atlantic ser-
vice to Canada.

Manila, in the Philippines, has
also been of late brought into the ser-
vice as one of the numerous ports of
call in the East, and the company is
steadily but surely working up a
strong and useful service on the Pa-
cific which cannot but be of the great-
est advantage to the Pacific trade in
general. On the Atlantic, the C. P. R.
maintains its own directly owned and
controlled fleet of steamers in 1903 by
the purchase of the Atlantic vessels
of the Elder Dempster Line, and since
then a service which has grown to its
present proportions and which now in-
cludes some of the finest passenger
and cargo carrying vessels plying be-
tween Canada and the Mother Coun-
try.

Toronto Conservatory
of Music
A.S. VOYT, Mus. Doc., Musical Director
Unrivalled facilities for profession-
al and non-professional students in
all departments of musical in-
struction.

REOPENS
September 1, 1917
RESERVES FOR YOUNG
WOMEN STUDENTS
Send for Year Book and Local
Centre Syllabus and Women's
Residence Handbook.
CONSERVATORY SCHOOL OF
MUSIC
F. H. KIRKPATRICK, Ph.D., Prin.
Public Reading, Physical and Vocal
Culture, Dramatic Art, & Literature

FEED BARN
Prompt Attention—Quick Service
Dry Wood For Sale
\$2, \$2.50, \$3.00 a Rick.
Cash must accompany all orders.
GEO. CHAPMAN - Prop
Block south of P.O. Phone 122

C. T. ELINE
BUILDER AND
CONTRACTOR
Estimates Cheerfully Given
Address—
P.O. Box 374 or Phone 263

A Mechanical
Difficulty
such as a broken casting,
may be quickly and effec-
tively solved by my Oxo-
Acetylene Welder.
Mechanical Repairs of
Cycles and Cycle Repairs
W. R. DAVIS

St. Hilda's Ladies' College
CALGARY
Alberta's Oldest Established Residential and Day School For Girls
Every educational facility provided. Students prepared for the Univer-
sity and for examinations of the Royal Academy of Music, London, Eng-
land. Art, Voice Culture, Domestic Science, Physical Culture, Dramatic Art, Etc.
The School aims at the Moral as well as the intellectual development of
its students with a view to a high standard of efficiency. A thoroughly
qualified staff.
SCHOOL REOPENS TUESDAY, SEPT. 11th, 1917
For Prospectus, apply
MISS L. SHIBLEY, B.A., Principal
830 Twelfth Avenue West. Calgary

LICENSED CHIMNEY SWEEP
Having secured a new machine direct from England, I will clean
stoves, furnaces, pipes and chimneys. I have the only machine in
the city. I also repair and build chimneys. Work guaranteed.
F.O. Box 240 E. HASTIE Phone 217

The News "Ads" bring
Quick Returns

What Every Disabled Soldier Should Know

THAT there is no such word as "impossible" in his dictionary.

THAT his natural ambition to earn a good living can be fulfilled.

THAT he can either get rid of his disability or acquire a new ability to offset it.

THAT the whole object of doctors, nurses, and instructors, is to help him in doing that very thing.

THAT he must HELP THEM TO HELP HIM.

THAT he will have the most careful and effective treatment known to science.

THAT interesting and useful OCCUPATIONS form a natural and the part of the treatment in Convalescent Hospitals and Sanatoria.

THAT if he cannot carry out his duty by rejoining his comrades at the front, and if there is no light duty for him with the Canadian forces overseas, he is taken home to Canada, as soon as his condition and the shipping facilities make this possible.

THAT his strength and earning capacity will be restored there to the highest degree possible, through the Military Hospitals Commission.

THAT if he requires an artificial LIMB or fitted appliance it will be supplied FREE.

THAT every man disabled by service will receive a PENSION or gratuity in proportion to his disability.

THAT his pension cannot be reduced by his undertaking work or perfecting himself in some form of industry.

THAT his pay and allowances continue till he is cured or till his pension begins.

THAT an extra three months' pay, field pay, and separation allowance when there are dependents receiving such allowance, will be paid to all men returned from overseas and honorably discharged after at least six months' service, with certain exceptions, such as members of the Permanent Force and Federal or Provincial Civil Service who can get right back into their old positions.

THAT if his disability prevents him from returning to his old work he will receive FREE TRAINING for new occupation.

THAT full consideration is given to his own capacity and desires when a new occupation has to be chosen.

THAT his own will-power and determination will enable him to succeed, both in the training and in the occupation afterwards.

THAT his MAINTENANCE and that of his family will be paid for during the training he must receive after discharge, and for a month longer.

THAT neither his treatment nor his training will cost him a cent.

THAT his home Province has a special Commission to assist him in FINDING EMPLOYMENT on discharge.

THAT hundreds of towns and villages have committees, associations, and clubs, to welcome him on arrival, and to help in securing a position for him.

THAT the Dominion and Provincial Governments, the Municipal authorities, and all sorts of employers, give the returned soldier PREFERENCE in filling vacant positions.

THAT the returned soldier wishing to TAKE UP LAND and farm, it will be helped to do so, under Federal and other settlement schemes.

THAT the Military Hospitals Commission exists to carry out his restoration and training in Canada.

THAT the Board of Pension Commissioners exists to distribute the pensions provided by his country for him and his dependents.

THAT the Military Hospitals Commission and the Board of Pension Commissioners are in the position of TRUSTEES, APPOINTED FOR HIS BENEFIT, and representing the whole people of Canada.

THAT, therefore, he should write to the Commission or the Board if he needs advice or help.

Canadians are unanimously resolved that every returned soldier shall have a full opportunity to succeed. When that opportunity is put within his reach, his success will depend on his own good sense in seizing and using it.

Military Hospitals Commission, 22 Victoria St., Ottawa.

Board of Pension Commissioners, Union Bank Building, Ottawa.

WOMEN LEADERS FAVOR NEW WAR FRANCHISE ACT

TORONTO, Sept. 14.—A letter signed by Mrs. F. H. Torrington, Mrs. Albert Gooderhan, Mrs. E. A. Stevens, and Mrs. L. A. Hamilton, and referring to the war-time election act has been issued.

The ladies subscribing to the letter represent the National Equal Suffrage union, Daughters of the Empire, the National Council of Women, and the Ontario W.C.T.U. The letter follows:

"In response to a request from the Government early in August, women leaders of several organizations undertook to glean from throughout the Dominion, an expression of opinion as to the advisability of granting the full federal franchise to women at the present juncture.

"The result of numerous enquiries convinces these women that, considering the peculiar conditions which prevail at the present time in certain provinces and the uncertainty of the results in granting a full franchise, it would be desirable that a limited franchise should be given as a war measure in order that Canada may do her full part in the war and remain true to her sacred trust to the Canadian men now fighting the battle of freedom."

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

HAS BEEN CANADA'S FAVORITE FOR MORE THAN 30 YEARS

MAKES PERFECT BREAD

MADE IN CANADA

Regina Liberals Demand National War Government

Pass Resolution Setting Forth Stand on Subject at Considerable Length

REGINA, Sask., Sept. 13th.—A public meeting, which included several prominent local Liberals, was held in the city hall tonight, when a resolution was adopted calling for a national government. The resolution says that, "While concurring unreservedly in the 'Win-the-War' resolution of the recent Western Liberal convention in Winnipeg, it is felt by many that the result of that convention is to leave uncertain some things in regard to which certainty is essential at the present crisis. This meeting of Liberals of Regina does therefore declare that it endorses the principle of the military service act and urge upon all compliance with its conditions.

"We believe it to be the duty of the present prime minister of Canada forthwith to advise the government general to call on some outstanding man to form and lead a strong national government which shall command the confidence of all parties in the Dominion; but in view of the recent refusal of Conservative members of parliament assembled in caucus to approve of the resignation of Sir Robert Borden as prime minister we urge those Liberals who have been carrying on negotiations looking to the formation of a union government to resume negotiations, if they have been broken off, and to place their services at the disposal of the premier and to the great advantage of Canada."

J. A. Allan and Professor Stapleton were the principal speakers. Opinion was expressed that the people of Regina should agree on a union candidate and a committee of parliament assembled in caucus was named to meet "other sections of the community having this object in view."

MARRIAGE BY PROXY

MELBOURNE, Sept. 13.—William L. Hughes, of Australia, today announced in the house of representatives that the government intended to consult the churches regarding some form of marriage by proxy between Australians at a position for women in Australia.

Thousands Gathered to Demand Rupture with Germany

Bonfires Made of German Papers

BUENOS AYRES, Sept. 13th.—Thousands of persons this evening congregated along the Avenida Mado and Floridan and attempted to organize another demonstration, and to demand a rupture of relations with Germany. Acting under the orders of President Irigoyen, squads of mounted police were sent out to maintain order. They frequently charged crowds that endeavored to assemble, using their sabres freely. Many citizens were injured, and a number of policemen also received hurts.

RAID NEWS STANDS

The crowds raided news stands of editions of the German La Union and also took copies from newsboys in the streets and made bonfires of them on the corners.

The activity of the police during the evening proved a large crowd was concentrating at any one point in the city long enough to do serious damage.

The mobs resisted the police, who charged repeatedly, and several of the police were injured by vitriol thrown at them. A police lieutenant was badly burned and taken to the hospital. President Irigoyen proposed to the cabinet that the government reimburse the Germans for the damage to their property. This matter was not decided and may be considered at the next cabinet meeting.

GUARD LEGATION

MONTREAL, Sept. 13.—A great anti-German demonstration was held here today and Argentines were cheered for the expulsion of the German minister, Count von Lottum. There were numerous fights between the mobs and the police. Strong guards have been placed around the German legation, as well as the German business houses, in order to prevent demonstrations similar to that at Buenos Ayres.

Farmers Satisfied

CALGARY, Sept. 12.—As a whole the farmers of Alberta will, I think, be well satisfied with the price of \$2.21 for No. 1 Northern fixed by the supervisors, said Mr. P. P. Woodbridge, secretary of the Alberta F.P.A.

"There will be a certain amount of dissatisfaction among farmers in districts that have a poor yield this year, but on the whole it is satisfactory. There is one feature, that perhaps is better than we anticipated, that is, the closeness of the spread on the three grades. It is eminently satisfactory."

"The mere fact that the government has set a price on wheat is very much to our advantage, for we are now justified in our price for other commodities such as farming machinery and flour."

50,000 Persons To Be Struck Off Voters' Lists

However, 450,000 Will Be Added By Enfranchisement of Soldiers' Relatives

OTTAWA, Sept. 7.—Regarding the effect of the new War-Time Elections bill in determining the number of electors who will mark their ballots at the approaching general election, it is impossible to give very definite figures at the present time. It has been estimated, however, that the action providing for the disfranchisement during the period of the war of citizens of enemy origin naturalized since March 31st, 1902, and of Doukhobors and Mennonites, will mean that some 50,000 persons will be struck off the lists of voters. That number may be swelled to a greater or less extent by persons who seek exemption from service under the Conscription act as "conscientious objectors." On the other hand, it is estimated that the provisions of the bill granting the ballot to mothers, wives, widows, sisters and daughters, who have attained the age of 21 years, of soldiers who have gone overseas, will add not less than 450,000 voters to the electorate in Canada.

The total foreign population of Canada, in June, 1911, numbered 723,732 souls, of whom 470,927 were males. Of that total some 203,000 were people of enemy alien origin. There were 121,430 persons from Austria-Hungary, 1,066 from Bulgaria, 39,577 from Germany. In addition there were a considerable number of people of enemy nationality who came to Canada among the 89,984 immigrants from Russia.

Of the naturalized names there were 52,896 of voting age, 23,848 from Austria-Hungary, 39 from Bulgaria, 12,001 from Germany and 17,010 who came from Russia, and of whom a percentage were of enemy nationality.

In British Columbia the foreign born represented 6.02 per cent. of the total vote, in Alberta, 9.48 per cent.; in Saskatchewan, 24.92 per cent.; in Manitoba, 23.01 per cent.; in Ontario, 17.20 per cent.; in Quebec, 1.35 per cent.; in New Brunswick, 1.35 per cent.; in Nova Scotia, 1.13 per cent.; in Prince Edward Island, 1.35 per cent.; in the Yukon Territory, .35 per cent.; and in the Northwest Territories, .31 per cent. What percentage the foreign born of enemy origin formed is impossible to state.

Turning to the other aspect of the bill which enfranchises female relatives of soldiers overseas, it is remembered that up to June 30 last, 329,943 soldiers of the Canadian expeditionary force had gone overseas. It would seem, therefore, that 650,000 is a conservative estimate of the number who will become voters under the War-Time Elections Act. The number of dependents of soldiers who are beneficiaries of the Canadian Patriotic Fund on August 1st, last, was 192,000, comprising 63,235 families. Included in the numbers were very few mothers or fathers of soldiers.

A MEMORY OF EARL GREY



The famous pass in the Purcell Mountain Range. Earl Grey in cabin.

An interesting point has never yet been decided as to the permanent name to be given to the pass which leads over the Purcell Range between Lake Windermere and Argentina on the Upper Kootenay Lake. The late Earl Grey, who had a hunting cabin half way up the pass on Toby Creek crossed it on one occasion, with the result that the geographers named it after him. The original discoverer of the pass, however, was a prospector named Wells, and Earl Grey, who was always a thorough sportsman, wrote saying that he thought it a hardship to deprive Wells of the right to the old name of Wells Pass. Today, however, the name of Earl Grey's Pass is still current, and remains in most of the maps. The British Columbia Government commenced to build a road over it, which, however, was badly damaged in the great washouts of 1915. This summer two venturesome tourists made the crossing in though at considerable hardship, owing to the condition of the trail at Hannam Creek on the western side. The following account of the trip appeared in the "Kootenian," of Kootenai, B.C.:

"After a trip that they will not forget in a hurry, Dr. R. N. Carter of Roseland and Harry Cody of this city arrived in town on Wednesday last week, after a somewhat arduous hunt across Earl Grey's Pass, and through Hannam Creek canyon. They had left Wilmer, in East Kootenai, about ten days before and made their way up the Toby Creek wagon road to the summit, and put in about one day exploring the huge Toby Creek ice field. Mr. Cody was well acquainted with the country up there, having mineral claims on the East Kootenai side, upon which he has been doing assessment work for years. The ground was not new to him, but it was virgin territory to the doctor. The latter stated that he had never before seen such magnificent mountain scenery. Having reached a good deal over the surface of

the globe, he is in a pretty good position to judge as to what constitutes the real thing in the line of mountain scenery.

"He found the Toby Creek glacier a particular inspiring and wonderful spectacle. They spent a day on top of this huge lake of ice, and only had a look over one corner of it. They started out in the early morning to promenade upon it, and walked for four hours steady, the going being rather good except for working around some of the crevasses, and in the four hours' stroll arrived at the conclusion that they had not gone half way across it. So they returned to the camp. Beyond the risk of falling off a precipice or looping the loop on the side of a mountain, there was not a great deal of danger to the trip until they worked their way down on this side of the pass and he saw, about ten days before and made their way up the Toby Creek wagon road to the summit, and put in about one day exploring the huge Toby Creek ice field. Mr. Cody was well acquainted with the country up there, having mineral claims on the East Kootenai side, upon which he has been doing assessment work for years. The ground was not new to him, but it was virgin territory to the doctor. The latter stated that he had never before seen such magnificent mountain scenery. Having reached a good deal over the surface of

near Lake Windermere, B.C.

ver night. The following day was one of hardship, and extreme peril at times. Between the point on the Hannam Creek road where the trail of the St. Patrick group branches off, and the Argenta Mines compressor, all semblance of a road was wiped out entirely in places through the depths of the fiercely savage Hannam Creek canyon. Several times they had to improvise bridges to cross the roaring stream, said bridges being nothing but a convenient tree, which was felled with an axe. As Hannam Creek varies all the way from forty to eighty feet wide and as the fallen trees sometimes sagged down into the seeming current, the peril of such crossings can be better imagined than described, more particularly in view of the fact that both men had heavy packs on their backs, that of Cody's weighing some sixty-five pounds.

"At last, however, they gained the point on the canyon road where the trail branches off to the St. Patrick group and from there on, comparatively speaking, the going was like unto that of a paved street. In due time they reached Argenta, and from that point were roamed over to Lardo, where they connected with the barge, 'Empress' and came to town."

AS A BUSINESS IMPROVER . . .
... Try an Advertisement in THE NEWS.

OUR FALL STOCK OF LADIES, MISSES & CHILDREN'S COATS

We have just received a shipment of our Fall Coats for Ladies, Misses and Children. These are very beautiful goods in the very latest styles. Don't miss the opportunity of securing a nice fall Coat at a bargain.

New Idea Patterns

October Styles Now Ready



How fine they are in fit and accuracy, how perfect garments look made from them, how easy they are on the pocketbook, you will never fully appreciate until you treat yourself to the inexpensive luxury of

New Idea Patterns

Every pattern has a seam allowance and a most helpful cutting diagram

Ladies' Fall Tweed Coats

In checks and plain colors, large cape collars, plain and plush trimmed at

\$17.50 to \$25.00

Ladies' Sweater Coats

Ladies all wool Sweater Coats, colors navy, green, fawn and copenhagen at

\$3.25 to \$5.00

Ladies' Serge Dresses

All Wool Serge Dresses, "Billie Burke" style, colors navy, brown and burgundy, with braid and bead trimming

Prices \$13.50 to \$20.00

Ladies' Gabardine Dresses

Ladies' fine gabardine Dresses, "Billie Burke" style, in navy only, trimmed with black and white buttons, white satin collar

Price \$18.50

Wool Caps

Colors white, cardinal, navy, navy and cardinal at

50c to \$1.00

Children's Toques at 50c

Silk and Wool Toques in white, sky and pink.

Girls' Corduroy Caps \$1.75

Colors white with rose, green and copenhagen bands.

Misses Serge Middy Suits

All Wool Serge Middy Suits, navy, with black braid trimming, trimmed with red silk braid and tie at

\$10.00 to \$12.50

Slip-on Veils

Slip-on Veils in brown and black at

15c each

JUST ARRIVING

Boys' Fall Suits

This is our first shipment of our Fall stock of Boys' Suits in all shades

Prices \$4.00 to \$12.00

Boys' Cloth Overcoats

We have a nice assorted stock of Boys' Overcoats which we are offering at greatly reduced prices from

\$6.50 to \$12.50

Men's Corduroy Pants

A nice assorted stock of these goods, all sizes, at

\$4.50 and \$5.00 pair

Men's Heavy Union Suits

In Penmans and other brands at

\$3.50 to \$6.00 each

Ross Street

T. A. GAETZ

Red Deer

Council Meeting

A rainy evening greeted the Council at its regular meeting Thursday evening, and the members w

te in attendance. His Worship Mayor Smith was in the chair with Aldermen Stone, Collison, Day and Albraith in attendance.

CORRESPONDENCE

A letter was read from J.

uttsell, secretary of the Gr
ar Veterans' Association of
erta, at Calgary, that only th
ho could furnish recommendati
from this Association should be p
mitted to solicit money for
Association.

tion of Alberta Municipalities had asking that delegates be appointed to the 13th Annual Convention of this Association, which will be held on September 19th and 20th at Calgary, Alberta.

The Western Canada Fire Union, Winnipeg, Manitoba, is quoted in its report on the City of Winnipeg inspection July 12th. The report stated the fire department to

well organized and efficient, and the record good. The equipment

SALIENT FEATURES OF THE WAR-TIME ELECTIONS ACT

9. In Ontario, in cities of over 9,000, lists will have to be made. The method adopted will be virtually the same as if it were done by provincial legislation.

those who are now suffering and dying, or the men who have returned maimed or crippled for life, are motivated by the attitude of that

he will not merely be placed in line with the men who answered the call but will likely be allowed less time to train and will be sent to the trenches faster than otherwise would have been the case.

Yours truly,
C. CRUICKSHANK

By the law of disfranchisement and the refusal to permit these tlers to participate in safeguard the freedom which is theirs to and by keeping them apart from struggle that those of our own

handed down from generation to generation until we reap finally a harvest of riot and destruction, and,

The bill now goes to the Senate. Closure was applied within the first few minutes of debate and it was under closure rules for a third time that discussion proceeded.

We submit herewith reports
August.

ushing Bros., Ltd.	22
. Fyfe	8
eo., Chapman	6
ay Hardware Co.	21
. Springbett	4
he Postmaster	4

War Widows Must Marry so that their Children may Fight Future Wars.

which feeble-minded children might be sent will become a provincial convalescent hospital for returned soldiers mental cases. In most of these cases, the soldiers' insanity has been caused by shell shock, and it is believed that the majority of them are curable, proper conditions and treatment having already resulted in rapid recovery or improvement. A sanatorium hospital, it has been decided, will be a still better opportunity for recovery, and the transportation of the school for children for at least another year has been thought justifiable in view of the soldiers' needs.

The bill now goes to the Senate. Closure was applied within the first few minutes of debate and it was under closure rules for a third time that discussion proceeded.

ushing Bros., Ltd.	22
. Fyfe	8
eo., Chapman	6
ay Hardware Co.	21
. Springbett	4
he Postmaster	4

ed will give a still better opportunity for recovery and the postponement of the school for children for at least another year has been thought justifiable in view of the soldiers' needs.

AT LAST!

A Stock of Silk has put in an appearance, that has been expected a considerable time, much to the joy of many of the ladies that have been awaiting its arrival. Here, are silk Poplins (Fashion's latest decree) in shades so becoming for

SILK FROCKS that are DIFFERENT

Wine, Russian Green, Somme Grey, etc., in a delightful quality of silk that makes them first favorite with the well clad. Width 36 inches

Per Yard - \$1.75

FALL COATS for LADIES and CHILDREN

Medium and heavy weight coats of appearance and durability fill our racks on floor 2. Here will be found a collection unsurpassed for quality and price. Tweeds of all shades, fashioned in the latest styles. Large shawl collars, full sleeve, full back, trimmings of velvet or contrasting materials in sizes to fit any figure. A splendid assortment of plain cloths, Chinchillas, and Blanket Cloths.

Priced from \$5.75 up



FALL'S HERE, MADAME!! A FALL HAT?

Naturally, Yes! Then we are the people to see. After years of careful judgment and training, right in this community, with each season's stock more complete than the preceding one, and suited to the people of our surroundings, we claim this season to have reached our ambition, by offering exactly what is called for, in addition to an inexhaustible supply. Our workroom staff is stronger than usual, enabling us to increase the output 50 per cent., which means a greater selection and a wider variance for our customers. The opening days this year beat all on record, and prospects are splendid for a banner season. This is surely

PROOF SUFFICIENT

that satisfaction is given, and we want to have the opportunity and pleasure of showing you a becoming mode, made precisely for you, when the time arrives that you consider a

NEW FALL HAT

Ladies and Misses Dresses of

Silk and Serge Combination

Pure Wool fast dye Botany and Taffeta Silk is the finest combination obtainable, so soft and drapy are these frocks that they attract the attention of almost all women. Nothing could be more serviceable, as they are suitable for all occasions. The styles, too, are delightful, and, in fact, too numerous to mention here. You simply must see them to appreciate them. In all sizes for Misses and Ladies.

Priced from \$16.45 up

Serviceable Party Frocks of Silk Paillettes

In Navy and Brown only. Two extremely fine dresses in sizes 36 and 38 in. bust, hang in gathers from the shoulders, all round collar is daintily finished with two medallions, the turn back cuff trimmed neatly with buttons makes these dresses particularly fashionable. Fastens down front and girdle of silk completes the mode. Sizes 36 and 38

Price - \$16.50

Second to none in Newness, and Brimful of Novelty, our

Waist Department

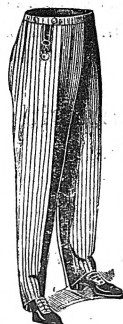
Offers many attractive and exclusive designs in Crepe-de-Chene, Georgette, and Jap Crepe Waists for special occasions, in dainty shades of Pink, Maize, and Nile. Hemstitched collars and embroidered fronts of contrasting silks put them in a class by themselves. The prices are moderate for goods of this standard, so don't miss making your selection.

\$6.50 to \$8.50

NEW FALL CAPS FOR MEN

We have just placed in stock the finest range of Men's Caps that it has yet been our pleasure to show. Dozens of neat, natty styles and patterns in checks, plaids, and plain tweeds. A cap for every man. If you are hard to please, "try us." Eastern Caps famous from Coast to Coast for wear, quality and Comfort. Let your next Cap be an Eastern

Prices from \$1.00 up



CORDUROY PANTS for FALL AND WINTER WEAR

We are showing extra good value in Men's Pants made from best quality English Cord in a nice Medium shade. Semi Peg Top, plain and leather bound, cuffs, belt loops. Warm, dressy, and durable. All sizes.

\$5.00, \$6.00

Men's Sweater Coats

In a Great Variety

We are now showing a big range of new Fall Sweaters for Men. Monarch and Quigley Brands, perfect fitting garments in every respect. A splendid range of colors, Fawn, Grey, Red, and Khaki. Light, medium, and heavy weights. You are sure to need one, why not buy new while the assortment is complete

Priced from \$2.50 up

NEW FALL FOOTWEAR FOR THE LADIES

A Beautiful New Model with High Tops in Dark Brown Kid Lace, with light flexible Sole, new recede Toe, and full Louis Heel

Price - \$8.00

Stylish Walking Boots in the popular and comfortable fitting Sports last, with medium low heel and English recede toe, medium flexible soles. In Gun Metal and New Tobacco Brown Calf Leather

Price - \$7.50 to \$9.00



IN THE CROCKERY DEPT.

Fancy China Plates	40c to \$1.35
Fancy China Fruit Dishes	\$1.75
Fancy China Mustard Dishes	25c
Jelly Glasses, with cover	55c doz.
51 piece Dinner Set	SPECIAL for \$6.00

SPECIAL VALUE IN MEN'S

Fine and Everyday Boots At \$4.00 and \$5.00

Mens' Serviceable Boots, made of good quality Box Kip leather in Blucher



Style with good weight soles and made over comfortable fitting last. Medium round toe. This boot is splendid value - \$4.50

ATTENTION!

Have You seen the NEW CEDAR MOP?

This is absolutely the latest Improved and most up-to-date Mop on the Market. The Mop is easily taken from the holder for washing. Wool refills for dusting give the advantage of two mops in one.

Ask to See Them. Price - \$1.75

A FULL LINE OF HEATERS AND RANGES NOW ON DISPLAY.

Men's Cotton Socks

Good everyday Harvest Socks. Gray and Blue Mixture, cool and comfortable. Good wearing.

Special - 2 pairs for 25c

Black Cotton Socks

Mens' fine cotton socks, fast color, sizes 10, 10 1/2, and 11. A splendid wearing sock for warm weather.

Special - 2 pairs for 35c

Pillow Slip Special

Pure Cotton

49c a pair



PILLOW CASES

THE
W. E. LORD Co., Ltd.

Vancouverite Writes Impressions of Life in Old Country

Scenes he Witnessed While Visiting Hastings, England

W. J. Taaf, 787 Bute Street, Vancouver, has received a letter from his son, Frank Taaf, at the Canadian training school, Bexhill-on-sea, England, in which he graphically describes some features of life in such a place in the old country. Mr. Taaf is a very good pencil artist, as he draws two pictures to better describe what he writes about in his letter. At the bottom of the third paragraph is a drawing of a sort of auto-bus, while he also has a picture of the pier, which he says was burned while he was at Hastings. Part of the letter follows:

"This country is very funny some times in the way they carry on. I was over at Hastings, which is on the south coast, on Sunday and on my way across a funny thing. It's about six miles from the coast, about three-quarters of an hour to go. Some speed kings!

"The town of Hastings has its municipal carillon, and in order to prevent outsiders like Bexhill coming in they wouldn't allow them to string wires, but made no mention of not using the tracks. At least that's the story told. At any rate, when we got to the boundary line, instead of the car stopping and the passengers getting out, the blooming thing kept on going in spite of the fact that there was no trolley wire. It got very noisy, but I didn't mind it. I heard the old familiar chug and smelled the same old smell. Yes, you guessed it; they had a nice little gas motor cranked underneath. Some stunt, eh?

"And then I saw something else. You know petrol is 'not set', scarce than hen's teeth, and yet the sight-seers run. Question, how is it done?

"It's intended to be an ordinary motor with a bag of gas up above. It hasn't exactly like a balloon. I haven't had an opportunity of looking at the thing closely, but I tell you it is ordinary and that they use it in place of petrol.

"And I also saw a fire. Gee, it was a scream from start to finish and had Charlie Chaplin been forty ways. Not the fire, but the firemen. FIREMEN WERE COMEDIANS.

"The pier was the unfortunate article to go up in smoke, and the Hastings volunteer fire brigade the candles. You know how these English pier are built, a long run out terminating in a pavilion or something like that. Well, at 2:30 p.m. smoke was seen coming from the extreme end, and in five minutes there was a good wind blowing at the time, and it did not take long to get a good hold. The flames promptly turned in, and everyone waited to see what would happen. Ten minutes went by, and the result was nil, twenty minutes, and no answer. As it happened there were quite a bunch of Canadian soldiers around, and as soon as things began to hop they started to move. What they could under the mismanagement of a crazy individual, hatless, collarless, brainless, who seemed to be the junior or the senior shore holder. Under his able direction, all the junk collected was placed around the handstand away from the flames. By this time it was 3:30 minutes past, and I was wondering if the brigade were all at Sunday School, when down they came, six of the nicest, cleanest firemen I ever saw, all dressed up like Roman gladiators with inverted brass coal scuttles on their heads, dragging after them a dear little fire engine no bigger than a peanut stand. Their stage entrance was very spectacular, and the crowd cheered lustily. This rattled them so much that they forgot where they had left the hydrant, and the fire, in 5 or 10 minutes, was out. But all things must come to an end, and at last, after calling in the police it was located right under their noses, a hose was run out, and exactly three-quarters of an hour after the curfew had been rung a stream was playing on the flames, which by this time it was at the height of its career.

"Now the fire chief took a hand, and being a graduate in firing like Philo (think, realize that lesson 13 in the correspondence school manual said, 'When the fire is beyond control, don't waste time sitting on it, but by demolishing inflammatory buildings near it, confine it to a given area.'

"This he proceeded to do with great gusto, using as his accomplices in crime the aforementioned six firemen and the soldiers. I must give you credit for making a good job of it, for he cleaned up every building along the pier and threw all the stuff previously collected and so on fully placed near the handstand into the sea (see plan). What did it matter to him that the fire was nearly out? Lesson 13 was explicit, and so it had to be done. At the same time he called for reinforcements in the shape of another wagon that looked more like a garden hose than anything else. This also was accompanied by six neat firemen, who were on their toes to turn the hoses, and they did—these surprised them. Out came the snakey line of hose, but broke at each coupling. Quick as lightning it was again, giving the hose a few twists for good measure. But at last it was ready for use, and the signal given, a smile of satisfaction spread over their faces. They had done it. You bet they had, for as the pressure came on the hose burst at each place where it had been twisted. Result, everything but the fire drenched. But it was some fire."

Orange Order is Strongly in Favor of Conscription

Manifesto Issued to Members by Legislation Committee of Fraternity.

TORONTO, Sept. 12.—The joint legislation committee of the Orange Order in British America has issued the following manifesto:

"We earnestly desire that there should be no election until after the war. Those politicians who oppose further Canadian aid to Britain and who seek purely party ends, even if their plots should mean the dismemberment of the British empire, have joined in a common front against the cause of the land and have apparently succeeded in forcing Canada to a general election.

"An election being thus forced upon the country by the scheming politicians, aided by every disloyal element, we most earnestly appeal to every patriotic Canadian to vote only for such members seeking reelection who have remained faithful to our ideals and vote for the military service act, for the proposed act for the 'prolongation' of the present conflict, as all parties in France and Britain have so far done, for the aid giving soldiers the vote and for the war-time elections act, which in general respects our requests regarding alien enemies.

"The town of Hastings has its municipal carillon, and in order to prevent outsiders like Bexhill coming in they wouldn't allow them to string wires, but made no mention of not using the tracks. At least that's the story told. At any rate, when we got to the boundary line, instead of the car stopping and the passengers getting out, the blooming thing kept on going in spite of the fact that there was no trolley wire. It got very noisy, but I didn't mind it. I heard the old familiar chug and smelled the same old smell. Yes, you guessed it; they had a nice little gas motor cranked underneath. Some stunt, eh?

"And then I saw something else. You know petrol is 'not set', scarce than hen's teeth, and yet the sight-seers run. Question, how is it done?

"It's intended to be an ordinary motor with a bag of gas up above. It hasn't exactly like a balloon. I haven't had an opportunity of looking at the thing closely, but I tell you it is ordinary and that they use it in place of petrol.

"And I also saw a fire. Gee, it was a scream from start to finish and had Charlie Chaplin been forty ways. Not the fire, but the firemen. FIREMEN WERE COMEDIANS.

"The pier was the unfortunate article to go up in smoke, and the Hastings volunteer fire brigade the candles. You know how these English pier are built, a long run out terminating in a pavilion or something like that. Well, at 2:30 p.m. smoke was seen coming from the extreme end, and in five minutes there was a good wind blowing at the time, and it did not take long to get a good hold. The flames promptly turned in, and everyone waited to see what would happen. Ten minutes went by, and the result was nil, twenty minutes, and no answer. As it happened there were quite a bunch of Canadian soldiers around, and as soon as things began to hop they started to move. What they could under the mismanagement of a crazy individual, hatless, collarless, brainless, who seemed to be the junior or the senior shore holder. Under his able direction, all the junk collected was placed around the handstand away from the flames. By this time it was 3:30 minutes past, and I was wondering if the brigade were all at Sunday School, when down they came, six of the nicest, cleanest firemen I ever saw, all dressed up like Roman gladiators with inverted brass coal scuttles on their heads, dragging after them a dear little fire engine no bigger than a peanut stand. Their stage entrance was very spectacular, and the crowd cheered lustily. This rattled them so much that they forgot where they had left the hydrant, and the fire, in 5 or 10 minutes, was out. But all things must come to an end, and at last, after calling in the police it was located right under their noses, a hose was run out, and exactly three-quarters of an hour after the curfew had been rung a stream was playing on the flames, which by this time it was at the height of its career.

"Now the fire chief took a hand, and being a graduate in firing like Philo (think, realize that lesson 13 in the correspondence school manual said, 'When the fire is beyond control, don't waste time sitting on it, but by demolishing inflammatory buildings near it, confine it to a given area.'

"This he proceeded to do with great gusto, using as his accomplices in crime the aforementioned six firemen and the soldiers. I must give you credit for making a good job of it, for he cleaned up every building along the pier and threw all the stuff previously collected and so on fully placed near the handstand into the sea (see plan). What did it matter to him that the fire was nearly out? Lesson 13 was explicit, and so it had to be done. At the same time he called for reinforcements in the shape of another wagon that looked more like a garden hose than anything else. This also was accompanied by six neat firemen, who were on their toes to turn the hoses, and they did—these surprised them. Out came the snakey line of hose, but broke at each coupling. Quick as lightning it was again, giving the hose a few twists for good measure. But at last it was ready for use, and the signal given, a smile of satisfaction spread over their faces. They had done it. You bet they had, for as the pressure came on the hose burst at each place where it had been twisted. Result, everything but the fire drenched. But it was some fire."

"We must continue to urge upon the government that military aid must come from the countries of our Allies, and we believe there are quite a few men of military mind of all these nations scattered throughout Canada, who should be compelled to join overseas forces for transference to their own military forces in which they would have to serve had they not left their native land for Canada, but if this is not practicable, then appropriate steps should be taken for the attainment of our object."

"We again ask the Dominion government to secure from time to time from the British government a list of men and women in Great Britain and Ireland, who have by word, writing or other overt act, impeded or tried to impede the British government in the continuance of the war and that all such persons be excluded from the country as undesirable."

"We once more urge upon the government that all immigration from enemy countries to Canada be prohibited except under such terms as a treaty of peace at the close of the war may provide."

"Second, we ask that people born in enemy countries, and their children, be deported from this country, and that all such persons be excluded from the country as undesirable."

"We once more urge upon the government that all immigration from enemy countries to Canada be prohibited except under such terms as a treaty of peace at the close of the war may provide."

"Second, we ask that people born in enemy countries, and their children, be deported from this country, and that all such persons be excluded from the country as undesirable."

"We once more urge upon the government that all immigration from enemy countries to Canada be prohibited except under such terms as a treaty of peace at the close of the war may provide."

"Second, we ask that people born in enemy countries, and their children, be deported from this country, and that all such persons be excluded from the country as undesirable."

"We once more urge upon the government that all immigration from enemy countries to Canada be prohibited except under such terms as a treaty of peace at the close of the war may provide."

"Second, we ask that people born in enemy countries, and their children, be deported from this country, and that all such persons be excluded from the country as undesirable."

"We once more urge upon the government that all immigration from enemy countries to Canada be prohibited except under such terms as a treaty of peace at the close of the war may provide."

"Second, we ask that people born in enemy countries, and their children, be deported from this country, and that all such persons be excluded from the country as undesirable."

"We once more urge upon the government that all immigration from enemy countries to Canada be prohibited except under such terms as a treaty of peace at the close of the war may provide."

"Second, we ask that people born in enemy countries, and their children, be deported from this country, and that all such persons be excluded from the country as undesirable."

"We once more urge upon the government that all immigration from enemy countries to Canada be prohibited except under such terms as a treaty of peace at the close of the war may provide."

"Second, we ask that people born in enemy countries, and their children, be deported from this country, and that all such persons be excluded from the country as undesirable."

"We once more urge upon the government that all immigration from enemy countries to Canada be prohibited except under such terms as a treaty of peace at the close of the war may provide."

"Second, we ask that people born in enemy countries, and their children, be deported from this country, and that all such persons be excluded from the country as undesirable."

"We once more urge upon the government that all immigration from enemy countries to Canada be prohibited except under such terms as a treaty of peace at the close of the war may provide."

"Second, we ask that people born in enemy countries, and their children, be deported from this country, and that all such persons be excluded from the country as undesirable."

Huns Barbarous Treatment Told by Pte. Clark

Calgarian was Prisoner in Senelager Camp for Sixteen Months.

CALGARY, Sept. 15.—Pte. Alex. B. Clarke, who before enlisting in that gallant battalion which was commanded by the late Lieut.-Col. Boyle, was in the Dominion Lands office, has returned to Calgary after sixteen months as a prisoner in the German internment camp at Senelager. He certainly bears traces of what he has undergone since taken prisoner after the battle of Langemarck, and relates his statement to the public through the medium of a letter to the loss of his right leg.

"When I was taken into the hospital," he said this week, "and placed on the operating table, the doctor roughly turned up the lapel of my coat to see to what battalion I belonged. When he discovered this he brutally remarked: 'Canadian; serves you right,' and with this remark I was flung from the table without undergoing any operation. The result was that gangrene set in and the limb practically dropped off eventually."

NO GREAT DISSATISFACTION

Although the Petrograd war office early Thursday announced that no official communication had been received from the headquarters at the front, late in the day the communication was forthcoming.

The Petrograd war office early Thursday announced that no official communication had been received from the headquarters at the front, late in the day the communication was forthcoming.

DESPERATE STRAITS

Pte. Clarke was certainly in desperate straits before being taken a prisoner. With his right leg shattered he lay in "No Man's Land," helpless, and received two more bullets, one entering the left knee and the other the left ankle. It was in that predicament that he was eventually hustled off by the Germans to a prisoner station, where he remained alive, owing to loss of blood.

The treatment in the prison camp was barbaric. He asserts that they only gave him one meal a day, consisting of bread and soup. For days at a stretch there was no change of bandages or dressings.

If any of the men complained to the medical officer in charge, they were promptly told that there was no one there to listen to them. "Yes, I was in that predicament that he was eventually hustled off by the Germans to a prisoner station, where he remained alive, owing to loss of blood."

WITH FIRST CONTINGENT

Prior to joining the famous battalion, referred to, Pte. Clarke was employed by the Dominion Lands office for several years. He signed up shortly after the outbreak of hostilities and crossed with the first contingent. He fought through the memorable St. Julien battle. At Langemarck he was badly wounded, and, as already mentioned, taken prisoner. His prison record in Calgary for several years, but they have now returned to their old home in Nova Scotia.

Swedish Papers in a Resentful Mood

Annoyed at the Criticism of British and American Conferees.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 13.—The Conservative newspaper Dagbladet, prints a bitter editorial on the situation in the British and American press concerning the Luxemburg affair. The newspaper says:

"The harsh fire from London and New York editors will find entirely to frighten Sweden out of its neutrality."

Svenska Dagbladet resents what it terms "interference in Swedish domestic problems," and says the allied press is utilizing the press of Sweden for propaganda for the formation of a Swedish party. The newspaper adds: "All attempts to interfere between a criminal government and a devoted people in this case are doomed to disappointment. All hints as to how we are to group our political parties will not affect us."

Swedish Papers in a Resentful Mood

Annoyed at the Criticism of British and American Conferees.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 13.—The Conservative newspaper Dagbladet, prints a bitter editorial on the situation in the British and American press concerning the Luxemburg affair. The newspaper says:

"The harsh fire from London and New York editors will find entirely to frighten Sweden out of its neutrality."

Svenska Dagbladet resents what it terms "interference in Swedish domestic problems," and says the allied press is utilizing the press of Sweden for propaganda for the formation of a Swedish party. The newspaper adds: "All attempts to interfere between a criminal government and a devoted people in this case are doomed to disappointment. All hints as to how we are to group our political parties will not affect us."

Swedish Papers in a Resentful Mood

Annoyed at the Criticism of British and American Conferees.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 13.—The Conservative newspaper Dagbladet, prints a bitter editorial on the situation in the British and American press concerning the Luxemburg affair. The newspaper says:

"The harsh fire from London and New York editors will find entirely to frighten Sweden out of its neutrality."

Svenska Dagbladet resents what it terms "interference in Swedish domestic problems," and says the allied press is utilizing the press of Sweden for propaganda for the formation of a Swedish party. The newspaper adds: "All attempts to interfere between a criminal government and a devoted people in this case are doomed to disappointment. All hints as to how we are to group our political parties will not affect us."

Swedish Papers in a Resentful Mood

Annoyed at the Criticism of British and American Conferees.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 13.—The Conservative newspaper Dagbladet, prints a bitter editorial on the situation in the British and American press concerning the Luxemburg affair. The newspaper says:

"The harsh fire from London and New York editors will find entirely to frighten Sweden out of its neutrality."

Svenska Dagbladet resents what it terms "interference in Swedish domestic problems," and says the allied press is utilizing the press of Sweden for propaganda for the formation of a Swedish party. The newspaper adds: "All attempts to interfere between a criminal government and a devoted people in this case are doomed to disappointment. All hints as to how we are to group our political parties will not affect us."

Swedish Papers in a Resentful Mood

Annoyed at the Criticism of British and American Conferees.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 13.—The Conservative newspaper Dagbladet, prints a bitter editorial on the situation in the British and American press concerning the Luxemburg affair. The newspaper says:

REBELLION IS QUELLED; KORNILOFF SURRENDERS TO NEW COMMANDER

LONDON, Sept. 13.—Apparently, like other attempts that have been made to overthrow the provisional government in Russia, General Korniloff's rebellion against Premier Kerensky and his followers has been quelled.

Meanwhile troops that answered the call to revolt, issued by Korniloff, continue to desert his ranks and return to the government, declaring that they were misled by Korniloff's professed aims.

Kerensky has been confirmed by the cabinet as commander of the army and will have with him as chief of his staff, in his prosecution of the war against the Teutonic allies, Gen. Aleksei, former counter-attendant-in-chief, one of the most brilliant officers in the Russian army. Added strength is expected to the government's rule by the appointment of new military officials for the district and city of Petrograd.

NO GREAT DISSATISFACTION

Although the Petrograd war office early Thursday announced that no official communication had been received from the headquarters at the front, late in the day the communication was forthcoming.

DESPERATE STRAITS

Pte. Clarke was certainly in desperate straits before being taken a prisoner. With his right leg shattered he lay in "No Man's Land," helpless, and received two more bullets, one entering the left knee and the other the left ankle. It was in that predicament that he was eventually hustled off by the Germans to a prisoner station, where he remained alive, owing to loss of blood.

WITH FIRST CONTINGENT

Prior to joining the famous battalion, referred to, Pte. Clarke was employed by the Dominion Lands office for several years. He signed up shortly after the outbreak of hostilities and crossed with the first contingent. He fought through the memorable St. Julien battle. At Langemarck he was badly wounded, and, as already mentioned, taken prisoner. His prison record in Calgary for several years, but they have now returned to their old home in Nova Scotia.

Swedish Papers in a Resentful Mood

Annoyed at the Criticism of British and American Conferees.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 13.—The Conservative newspaper Dagbladet, prints a bitter editorial on the situation in the British and American press concerning the Luxemburg affair. The newspaper says:

"The harsh fire from London and New York editors will find entirely to frighten Sweden out of its neutrality."

Svenska Dagbladet resents what it terms "interference in Swedish domestic problems," and says the allied press is utilizing the press of Sweden for propaganda for the formation of a Swedish party. The newspaper adds: "All attempts to interfere between a criminal government and a devoted people in this case are doomed to disappointment. All hints as to how we are to group our political parties will not affect us."

Swedish Papers in a Resentful Mood

Annoyed at the Criticism of British and American Conferees.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 13.—The Conservative newspaper Dagbladet, prints a bitter editorial on the situation in the British and American press concerning the Luxemburg affair. The newspaper says:

"The harsh fire from London and New York editors will find entirely to frighten Sweden out of its neutrality."

Svenska Dagbladet resents what it terms "interference in Swedish domestic problems," and says the allied press is utilizing the press of Sweden for propaganda for the formation of a Swedish party. The newspaper adds: "All attempts to interfere between a criminal government and a devoted people in this case are doomed to disappointment. All hints as to how we are to group our political parties will not affect us."

Swedish Papers in a Resentful Mood

Annoyed at the Criticism of British and American Conferees.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 13.—The Conservative newspaper Dagbladet, prints a bitter editorial on the situation in the British and American press concerning the Luxemburg affair. The newspaper says:

"The harsh fire from London and New York editors will find entirely to frighten Sweden out of its neutrality."

Svenska Dagbladet resents what it terms "interference in Swedish domestic problems," and says the allied press is utilizing the press of Sweden for propaganda for the formation of a Swedish party. The newspaper adds: "All attempts to interfere between a criminal government and a devoted people in this case are doomed to disappointment. All hints as to how we are to group our political parties will not affect us."

Swedish Papers in a Resentful Mood

Annoyed at the Criticism of British and American Conferees.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 13.—The Conservative newspaper Dagbladet, prints a bitter editorial on the situation in the British and American press concerning the Luxemburg affair. The newspaper says:

"The harsh fire from London and New York editors will find entirely to frighten Sweden out of its neutrality."

Svenska Dagbladet resents what it terms "interference in Swedish domestic problems," and says the allied press is utilizing the press of Sweden for propaganda for the formation of a Swedish party. The newspaper adds: "All attempts to interfere between a criminal government and a devoted people in this case are doomed to disappointment. All hints as to how we are to group our political parties will not affect us."

Swedish Papers in a Resentful Mood

Annoyed at the Criticism of British and American Conferees.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 13.—The Conservative newspaper Dagbladet, prints a bitter editorial on the situation in the British and American press concerning the Luxemburg affair. The newspaper says:

"The harsh fire from London and New York editors will find entirely to frighten Sweden out of its neutrality."

Svenska Dagbladet resents what it terms "interference in Swedish domestic problems," and says the allied press is utilizing the press of Sweden for propaganda for the formation of a Swedish party. The newspaper adds: "All attempts to interfere between a criminal government and a devoted people in this case are doomed to disappointment. All hints as to how we are to group our political parties will not affect us."

Swedish Papers in a Resentful Mood

Annoyed at the Criticism of British and American Conferees.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 13.—The Conservative newspaper Dagbladet, prints a bitter editorial on the situation in the British and American press concerning the Luxemburg affair. The newspaper says:

MENTAL LABOR IN OLD AGE

Writer Points Out How Impossible It Is to Mark Culminating Point in Man's Career.

Who talks of fifty years as the culminating point in man's career? Were all the great work performed by men even beyond seventy would be history the human race would be bereft of some very great achievements.

Jefferson founded a university by his own activity after he had passed across seven years and, as John Quincy Adams, although he had been president of the United States and five times a foreign minister, wrought a severe and contained slightly.

Seventy saw Gladstone so vigorous that he was still good for the greatest battle of his political life and a prime minister. England's foremost living historian, Sir George Otto Trevelyan, who is even now completing his monumental story of the American revolution, occupied a seat in parliament half a century ago. This brilliant neophyte of Lord Macaulay has done his greatest work in the last twenty years.

Germany's first emperor, the venerable William, saw Waterloo as a soldier, but fifty years later he was directing armies at Sedan and welding an empire after the fall of Paris. John Bigelow at four score was mentally as vigorous as a boy, and his powers as an author were not dimmed.

Our own Frederick Pray was an active business man, president of a bank and the national board of trade, since the Spanish-American war, and yet he was prominent enough in 1914 to serve as a member of the senate that came to Philadelphia. Daniel Webster.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in the days of our grandfathers, and also far more comfortable. The same agency that prolongs bodily vigor will surely lengthen the life of man's mind.

SENATE IS MAKING LIFE LONGER than were in

The Shooting Season Is Now in Full Swing

The shooting this year promises to be even better than last. The country is alive with ducks and the sloughs are not too deep.

Here you will find a complete line of Hunters' Supplies, including:

Winchester, Remington and Marlin Pump Guns

Single and Double Barrel Shot Guns with hammer and hammerless

Hunting Coats, Vests, Gun Cases, Game Carriers, Recoil Pads, Gun Oil, Grease and Gun Cleaners.

Ammunition

A complete stock of Sovereign, U. M. C. and Peters Shells in all sizes.

Day Hardware

ROSS ST.

RED DEER



The Victrola is the Embodiment of All That is Best in Music

The excellence of any talking machine can safely be judged by the artists who make records for it, by the music it brings into your home.

The Victrola stands supreme among musical instruments because of its wonderful musical achievements, because it brings to you the exquisitely beautiful interpretations of the world's greatest artists.

Just as there is but one Caruso, one Farrar, one Galli Curci, one Gluck, one Kreisler, one McCormack, one Melba, one Paderewski, so there is only one instrument able to bring their superb art into your own home with all its fidelity.

The greatest artists themselves have decided that instrument is the Victrola.

Victrolas at \$21, \$33, \$53, \$66.50, \$102, \$137, \$205, \$255, \$400

COME IN AND HEAR the exquisite interpretations of the World's Greatest Artists, who make records exclusively for the VICTROLA.

We have over 1200 of the most popular Victor Records in stock to select from.

Gaetz-Cornett Drug & Book Co.
THE REXALL STORE

GETTING READY

To Receive Fall Goods:

FORCED TO MAKE ROOM

Heavy Lantern, Short Globe, - \$1.00

Only 3 doz.

2 doz. Glass Fruit Sets

8 inch Cut Bowl and 8 Nappies, reg. \$1.00, for 75c

3, 49 piece Dinner Sets

3 different Decorations. All open Stock, Special at \$6.00

1 only Bridal Rose Jap Dinner Set,

97 pieces. Reg. \$30.00, for quick sale only \$29.50

This is the best copy of Austrian China produced

Still have a few dozen of

The 10c Cup and Saucer

Which are slightly chipped. Mr. Farmer—You will need cups and saucers for the threshing time. Do not pass this bargain. The cheapest now are \$2.00 per dozen, and still going up. Buy now before they are all gone.

And Lots More Specials going at Low Prices.

Remember - We are making room for Fall Goods

Brazier's Novelty Store

Local and District Intelligence

Come to the chicken supper Sept. 28, and hear Mr. L. M. Gaetz sing.

Mr. Johns is to sing at the chicken supper September 28th, at Springfield church.

Thanksgiving Day has been officially set for the second Monday in October.

The regular meeting of the Sons of England Benefit Society will be held to-night at 8 p.m.

Don't forget the Women's Institute Red Cross sewing on Thursday, at 3 o'clock, in the Institute room.

A nice new shipment of ladies fall and winter coats came in by express yesterday morning, and are now on sale at Bromberg & Gaetz.

Rev. Brough will preach at Poylar Ridge Schoolhouse next Sunday afternoon. Subject, "The World Knew Him Not."

Mrs. Colin C. Garbale, of the Bank of Montreal, will receive on Friday afternoon, September 21st, and afterwards on the first Wednesday in the month.

D. S. MacKenzie, late Deputy Minister of Education, has been appointed Bursar of the University of Alberta. Chief Inspector John Ross succeeds him.

Mrs. J. B. Hill and Miss Hill, of Calgary, are visiting Mrs. Hugh Clarke. Mrs. Clarke will come down to the Smith & Gaetz clock for the winter.

After having the Spirella agency for four years, Mrs. Ware is retiring and desires to thank her many clients for their support. A new agent will be appointed immediately.

The Woman's Institute will hold a Progressive "500" drive in the Parish Hall on Thursday, Sept. 27, at 8.30 p.m. Admission, 25c. Refreshments sold during the evening. Proceeds for Patriotic and relief work.

Talking about the high price of beef, Pat Burns' buyer was offering farmers five and six cents a pound, live weight, for cattle, south of here a few days ago, the same price they were paying the year before the war.

The Clearview-Springvale Women's Institute, at holding a fall supper on September 28th, in the Springfield church. Supper to be served from 6 to 8.30, and a programme afterwards. Admission, 50 cents for supper and entertainment. Proceeds go to the Prisoners of War Fund.

Having secured a limited number of 14 x 20 "Convex Picture Frames" and "Oval Convex Glasses," Gaetz-Cornett Drug & Book Co. wish to announce that they will have them on "Special Sale" to last for a few days only, in their store, very shortly. Those wishing to secure one may book their order now. Prices will be on display in window.

The Women's Council will have a Tag Day and house-to-house canvass to provide Christmas boxes for the boys at the front, on Friday next, September 28th. Mrs. W. E. Lord will receive contributions from the city, and Mrs. H. L. Gaetz contributions from the country. Pamphlets, with Hepworth and Trimble, will receive the addresses of the boys.

The regular monthly Red Cross sewing meeting of the W.C.T.U. was held at the home of Mrs. Hicks, Balfour, on Friday, September 14. Through the kindness of Mrs. Trimble, the members to the number of seventeen—were conveyed out in cars and rigs. After dispensing with an unusual amount of sewing, the members enjoyed the hospitality of Mrs. Hicks. Altogether a very profitable and enjoyable afternoon was spent.

The Great War Veterans are holding a dance in the Armories on Friday night, September 21st, at 8.30 p.m. They are to be complimented on securing for their first dance the Calgary Veterans' Orchestra, one of the best in the province. Tickets (including refreshments) for each person, may be had from R. C. P. Gee, G. W. Bellerby, or W. G. Patterson. Buy a ticket and help the boys along.

Pte. W. A. Swift, Calgary, recently took subscriptions for the Toronto and Canadian Home Magazine in this neighborhood. Some people claim they have not received these papers after subscribing for them. Any complaint laid before President R. Gee, of the Veterans Association, will be looked into, and if people are not receiving their paper, he will take the matter up with the proper authorities and see that they get it.

At a meeting of the congregation of the Presbyterian Church held last Sunday evening, it was decided that every soldier, sailor or nurse whose name is on the Roll of Honor, and who is now in service should receive a letter once a month from some person in the congregation. A committee consisting of Messrs. J. Malcolm, J. A. McPherson and John McVicar, was appointed to arrange the lists of names and addresses. The friends of our soldiers are asked to have their complete addresses with Mr. McVicar, secretary of the committee, before the end of this week. Next Sunday those present will be invited to choose their correspondent, and a meeting of the congregation will be held once a month to hear reports. It was unanimously agreed that they were worthy for whom we should do this.

Don't miss hearing Miss Ebert at the chicken supper on September 28, at Springfield church.

Miss Leven, of St. Paul, Minn., is visiting her aunt, Mrs. James Spoirs of Springfield.

J. E. Welton, Secretary-Treasurer of North Red Deer, is attending the meeting of Alberta Union of Municipalities at Calgary today and tomorrow.

Baptist Church, Rev. L. Elgin Brough, Pastor. Services next Sunday conducted by the Pastor. Morning subject, "The Amen of the Lord's Prayer," being the last of the series. Evening subject, "The Unrecognized Christ." Sunday School at 12 o'clock sharp.

The chain of teas will close at the end of next week, and the Committee hope that each of the ladies of the city will endeavor to have a tea before that date. Mrs. McLennan Love Block, is the treasurer, and she will be pleased to give any information desired. These teas are to raise funds to provide comforts for the boys at the front, and are deserving of all the support that can be given them.

M. E. Tiffin, who returned a short time ago from France, stopped off for a few hours to visit Mrs. W. Hewson on Monday last. Mr. Tiffin, together with four other medical students of Alberta University, included Rev. H. Hewson, joined a strong force of students for the Army Medical Corps, and they have seen considerable service. Mr. Tiffin has returned to complete his medical course, when he expects to go back to the front.

Services of special interest to the Methodist portion of the community will be held in their church next Sunday, when it is hoped that those who have not yet called back to the Sunday services since vacation, will do so, together with those who have. The Pastor, Rev. Edward S. Bishop, has intimated that he will preach at 11 a.m. on "Our Stewardship," and at 7.30 p.m. on "Our Church Aims." The choir, reorganized for the season under the leadership of Mr. J. E. Welton, will contribute its share to the special interest of these services.

L.I.D. No. 339

The next regular meeting of Local Improvement District No. 339, will be held in the City Hall, Red Deer, on Tuesday afternoon, September 25, at 1 o'clock sharp.

J. W. HEY,
Secretary-Treasurer.

L.I.D. No. 339,
Red Deer, Sept. 18th, 1917.

Cunningham Land Co.

THE SASKATCHEWAN LAND & HOMESTEAD CO., LTD.
Mr. A. B. Cunningham, representing the above companies, will be in Red Deer at the Archbishop Hotel for a few days, commencing Wednesday, September 19th, 1917. He will be pleased to meet any persons having business with either of the above Companies.

NOTICE TO HOUSEHOLDERS

The School Board are having enquiries for intending High School pupils and board and lodging in the city. Persons willing to undertake the same, will confer a favor by sending particulars to the Secretary.

M. A. MUNRO,
Box 305, Red Deer.

Sept. 12, 2 w.

STRAVED—FROM THE PREMISES of the undersigned, a sorrel gelding, coming three years old, cream mane and tail and a blazed face. Five dollars reward for recovery of animal. W. Pearson, Valley Centre. Sept. 19, 2w.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT BOY about 15 to 17 years of age to learn the grocery business. Address Box 273, Red Deer P.O. Sept. 17, 1 w.

TO RENT—EIGHT ROOMED MODERN brick house on Victoria Ave.; full sized basement with soft water tank therein. Possession, Oct. 1st. For further particulars, apply to E. R. Hill, Piper Brick Yard. Sept. 19, 1 w.

STRAVED—FROM MY PREMISES, three red two-year-old feeders and two red yearlings (1 heifer and one steer), branded B.V. under half circle on left hip. Suitable reward for recovery of these. J. W. Blain, Pithfield P.O. Sept. 19, 4 w.

FOR SALE OR TRADE FOR AN improved farm—A clear titled 5 roomed house on Halley Street; cement foundations, with bare for four head of horses, chicken house, wood shed, well and pump, two lots 50 x 150, fenced and well watered. Taxes all paid. Apply to N. Hootford, 283 Pithfield Road, 97th Street, Edmonton. Sept. 12.

STRAVED—FROM THE FARM OF William O'Connor, Hildesheim, one dark bay or brown filly, two years old, white spot on face and hind legs, white on one hind foot; one chestnut stallion, one year old, white spot on face; one bay stallion, one year old, white strip on face, two white hind feet and one front; one bay yearling filly, white strip on face and four white feet to the knees. Information leading to their recovery will be suitably rewarded. 34-3

AUCTION SALE OF SCHOOL LANDS.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that Auction Sales of School Lands in the Province of Alberta will be held at the places and on the dates hereinafter mentioned, namely:—Coronation, Alberta, Tuesday, November 6, 1917, at ten o'clock a.m.; Castor, Alberta, Thursday, November 8, 1917, at ten o'clock a.m.; Drumheller, Alberta, Monday, November 12, 1917, at ten o'clock a.m.; Hanna, Alberta, Tuesday, November 13, 1917, at ten o'clock a.m.; Three Hills, Alberta, Friday, November 16, 1917, at ten o'clock a.m. The lands will be offered in quarter sections subject to a certain upset price in each case, and will be sold without regard to persons who may be in illegal occupation of same, but such persons will be allowed until the 1st of June, 1918, to remove any improvements they may have on the land.

Where the land offered is under grazing permit, the Permit will remain in force until date of expiration on 1st April, 1918, and the permittee will be allowed until the 1st June, 1918, in which to remove any fencing or other improvements he may have on the land.

The sales will only convey the surface rights and will be subject to the usual reservations in favour of the Crown. Any person who was not, at the commencement of the present war, and who has not since continued to be a British subject, or a subject of a country which is an ally of His Majesty in the present war, or a subject of a neutral country, is prohibited from purchasing any of these lands under penalty of having the sales cancelled and the payments made thereon forfeited.

Companies controlled either directly or indirectly by a foreigner or foreigners or by a foreign corporation or corporations, are also prohibited from purchasing School Lands under the same penalty. TERMS OF PAYMENT: One-tenth in cash at time of sale, the balance in nine equal annual instalments, with interest at the rate of five per cent per annum on the balance of the purchase money from time to time remaining unpaid. Interest in cases where the area of the land sold does not exceed forty acres, in which case the terms of payment shall be one-tenth in cash and the balance in four equal annual instalments, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

Scrap or Warrents will not be accepted in payment. Upon a parcel of land being knocked down the purchaser shall immediately deposit the sum of One Hundred Dollars with the Clerk of sale, otherwise the parcel will at once be put up again. The balance of the cash instalment must in every case be paid before the close of the sale, failing which the deposit of one hundred dollars will be forfeited and the land withdrawn from sale.

To avoid delay purchasers should provide themselves with negotiable cheques on chartered banks of Canada, made to their order and payable at par at the point of sale or with bank notes of large denominations. Cheques will not be taken in payment unless marked accepted by the bank on which they are drawn. Lists, giving full particulars of the lands to be offered, may be had on application to the Controller of School Lands, Dept. of the Interior, Ottawa, or to Frank A. Collins, Superintendent of School Lands, Winnipeg, Man., or to any Agent of Dominion Lands in the Province of Alberta.

By order,
FRANK S. CHICKLEY,
Controller.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 1917. Sept. 19, 3 w.

CITY OF RED DEER

PUBLIC NOTICE: The Voters' list for the City of Red Deer for the year 1917 is now completed and may be seen at the City office during office hours. Applications for additions or corrections must be made by November 1st, 1917. Forms may be obtained at the City Office.

A. T. STEPHENSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Sept. 12, 3 w.

Amended Notice.

In the matter of Court of Confirmation of the Tax Enforcement Return of the Village of Rocky Mountain House. Take notice that His Honor Judge Mahaffy, Judge of the District Court of Red Deer, will at the adjourned sittings of the Court be held at Rocky Mountain House on Tuesday the 13th day of November, 1917, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, confirm the Tax Enforcement Return of the Village of Rocky Mountain House. Dated at Rocky Mountain House this 6th day of September, 1917. STANLEY WILSON, Sec'y-Treas. Village of Rocky Mountain House. Sept. 12, 8 w.

L. A. BENNETT

is the man who makes

DRAIN TILE

Increase your crop 30 per cent. by using it.

JACK FULTON'S WEEKLY MEN'S WEAR NEWS

Clothing Department:

All our new Fall Suits, and nearly all our Overcoats are now on our display racks ready for inspection. Our clothing is not sold to you bolstered up with "ifs" and "ands." It is sold for exactly what it is—the best in value and style that we are able to procure.

We have a line of beautiful Brown and Grey All wool Worsteds at \$28.00, which we think cannot be beaten anywhere.

Our medium priced Tweeds and Worsteds at from \$15.00 to \$20.00 are excellent Value.

Navy Blue Serge Suits at from \$18.00 to \$32.00. These were all bought previous to the later big advances. We can save you money on Sarges.

We have a grand stock of Fall and Winter OVERCOATS to choose from.

PATRONISE THE MEN'S STORE FOR MEN'S WEAR.

HOME OF 20th CENTURY CLOTHING

PACK YOUR THINGS

in one of our TRUNKS, SUITCASES, or BAGS

and they will be safe from all injury during your trip, be it an extended one or just a short visit. Our Trunks are especially strong. They are roomy, convenient, attractive, economical. Trunks from \$5.00 up. Suit Cases, \$2.10 up. Bags, \$5.00 up.

The Jarvis-Goodey Harness Co. Ltd.

PHONE 40.

SYLVAN LAKE.

LAKEVIEW BOARDING HOUSE

Is now open for the summer season, and all resorts spending their holidays at Sylvan Lake are made welcome.

F. D. McCORMICK

Why Farmers Should Insure

In the WAWANAGA MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Because it is the largest and strongest Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company in Canada. Because it insures Farm Property only at the lowest possible cost to the assured. Because it is owned and operated by farmers for their Mutual Benefit and not to enrich stockholders of companies formed to accumulate wealth at the expense of the insurer, or to share the profits with residents of cities, towns or villages by insuring their property. Because the Company is thoroughly reliable and long past the experimental stage.

Before renewing any policies you may have expiring, call at the office of Ball's Meat Market and find out how much you can save for the same protection. You can save money.

JOHN PERCIVAL,

District Agent, Red Deer.

Sept. 4, 4 w.

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 19th day of October, 1917, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, TWICE per week on the route: Proposed ROUTE NO. 1 MAIL ROUTE, to commence at the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Botha and Zenith, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Edmonton, 1st September, 1917.

A. W. CAIRNS,
Post Office Inspector.

Sept. 12, 3 w.

EXPERIENCED MAID WANTED—

Apply to Mrs. Wm. Hammond, Red Street South-east, Parkville, Red Deer. July 16, 1 f.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED Girl to do general house work. Apply to Mrs. W. J. Douglas, Pithfield, Alta. Sept. 19, 1 f.

GOOD PRINTING

Fair Prices and Excellent Work. Everything from a visiting card to a poster done at the

NEWS OFFICE

Your work solicited.

MEN AND WOMEN'S GLASSES

are sure to be comfortable, able, stylish and correctly visioned when they are fitted here. We use only tried and tested nose-clips that fit and stay fit. We have a large stock of all the approved stylish frames from which to select, and our lenses are the product of the trained optician. For distinctive glasses you should leave your orders here.

H. H. Humber

Jeweler and Optometrist

RED DEER

Sept. 12, 3 w.

WANTED—A MARRIED COUPLE

to occupy residence and look after offices on 1st Street South. Drs. Collison & Sanders. Aug. 15, 1 f.

IMPROVERS AND APPRENTICES

wanted in the Dressmaking Department of W. E. Lord Co., Ltd.